ICLife: Tools for inclusion

How to make life on a campus for higher education more inclusive.

Tips for communication





- Check beforehand, which are possibilities concerning special needs and communication for IDD-student (e.g. need of support. Alternative and Augmentative Communication AAC -methods, oral and written communication).
- 2. Speak slowly
- 3. Use as few words as possible
- 4. Choose common language. This means that you avoid jargon or academic language.
 - use plain language in teaching, tutoring and written teaching material
 - consider the special needs in teaching situations (support, reading and writing, visual and hearing impairment, different ways to communicate - braille, pictures, interpretation etc)
 - check the possibility to use interpreter services, if needed
- 5. Insert pauses between your sentences or spoken messages.
- 6. Keep your message short, structured and simple.
- 7. Avoid using abstract nouns and concepts.
- 8. Avoid using subordinated clauses and subordinating conjunctions. Most of the times these are unnecessary and may blur the message.
- 9. Address one topic at the time.
- 10. Explain things step by step.
- 11. Ask one question at the time.

- 12. Ask questions with one subject at the time.
- 13. Sometimes the person with an intellectual disability will need time to process the message. Pay attention that IDD-students need support and space to express her/his own opinions (e.g. create sensitive and secure situation so that IDD-people can share their personal experiences and opinions)
- 14. Wait a few seconds for the person with an intellectual disability to respond based on experience and common sense: wait longer for response than you are used to.
- 15. In case you are not sure whether the person with an intellectual disability has understood what is being said, ask him/her to repeat or explain it to you (vice versa).
- 16. Use visualizations (photo's drawings) to support your message or explanation.
- 17. Use examples that connect to personal life experiences of the person with an intellectual disability.
- 18. In case you have a meeting with a person with an intellectual disability, always clarify the purpose of it.
- 19. You can also ask the person with an intellectual disability what the purpose is or should be of the meeting.
- 20. In case you have a meeting with a person with an intellectual disability, indicate which topics will be addressed. You can also ask the person with an intellectual disability what topics should be addressed